Hebrews 5:1-11

Munis Triplex

I. Slide#1 Announce:

A. Slide#2 Burma medical Trip: Oct.31-Nov.17 (approx). Dr. Les 2009+

- 1. Shock & Trauma Training for Village Health Care Workers.
- 2. Create relationships (mostly Buddhist). Support Partners. Great younger connection.
- II. Slide#3 Intro: [I'll explain our title: *munis triplex later*]
 - A. Ch.1,2 dealt w/Jesus being Greater than Angels & the Prophets. Ch.3,4 dealt w/Jesus being Greater than Moses (Jews favorite/greatest Prophets). Now... Ch.'s 5-10 all deal w/Jesus being Greater than Aaron the *High Priest*. [Started in 4:14]
 - B. See, you don't go before a judge w/o a lawyer, and you don't go before God w/o a priest.
 - 1. Confidence rests in your **counselor**. The better your **attorney** the more likely you'll be to win a *favorable verdict*.
 - 2. Thus, the better the priest the more likely you'll be able to win the favor of God.¹
 - a) The writer takes the logical step then in showing Christ's qualifications for this role.

C. Quick look at OT priesthood.

- 1. Slide#4a,b Here's what a regular priest looked like in his garments.
- 2. Now take a look at he the High Priests garments. They were endowed with immense & spiritual significance. [Ex.28 explains]
 - a) 1st they donned a linen tunic. Over it was placed a robe of blue. Attached to its hem were pomegranates woven from blue, purple, & scarlet yarn, placed intermittently between small golden bells that rang musically. Then a richly woven sash held the robe in place. Next, a beautiful *apron-like* ephod. On each of its shoulders it bore a large onyx stone, set in gold, with the names of the 12 tribes engraved on them. Over it a breastplate bearing 12 stones representing & inscribed with the 12 tribes of Israel. Lastly, the priest was crowned with a turban of fine linen, bearing a plate of pure gold Slide#5 with the Hebrew inscription *HOLY TO THE LORD*.
- 3. What an impressive sight when the high priest came approaching the Temple, ringing musically with every step.
 - a) Even more impressive was *the profound spiritual significance* of him bearing the weight of Israel on his **shoulders** & over his **heart**. And of course that scary bulletin-board reminder on his forehead that **HE**, the High Priest, was *HOLY TO THE LORD*...the summary of his great task.

¹ Sandy Adams, Podcast, Heb.5

- D. Slide#6blank Jesus is Superior to Aaron in 3 ways: Jesus has...A Greater Appointment. A Greater Compassion. A Greater Sacrifice.
- E. **Outline:** The author of Hebrews Compares and Contrasts the high priestly ministries of both Aaron and Christ.
 - 1. Let no one attempt to go to God <u>but</u> through **Jesus**, nor expect any favor from God except upon **His merits**.

III. Slide#7 COMPARISONS (1-4)

- A. Here we have the qualifications of a priest:
- B. Slide#8a He must be human (1a,4) taken from among men & no man
 - 1. Since he is appointed to represent them, before God.
- C. Slide#8b He must be appointed & called by God (1b,4)
 - 1. You couldn't make yourself priest.
- D. Slide#8c He offered gifts & sacrifices for sins (1c)
 - 1. This helps to take care of man's alienation from God, created by sin.
- E. Slide#8d He must have compassion/deal gently w/ignorant & those going astray (2a,3)
 - 1. Have compassion on, or To deal gently with. To have feelings in the right measure.²
 - a) Slide#9 Aristotle (384-322 bc) the famed Greek philosopher, who was a pupil of Plato, used this Greek word 3 centuries earlier in the sense of...*moderating one's feelings or passions to avoid excess either of enthusiasm or impassivity.*
 - b) The priest was not to *pass over* the sin of his fellow man w/o any regard at all; however, he was not to allow himself to be *caught up in* his passion & pity for the sinner but he is rather to have *a controlled feeling of sympathy*.
 - c) This is the capacity to moderate one's feelings to avoid the extremes of *cold indifference* and *uncontrolled sadness*.
 - (1) Application I think this is very important in counseling.
 - (a) Calloused vs. too emotional *to give right advice*.
 - (b) Also, in raising children. Or, in making decisions.
 - (c) Slide#10 Do you have feelings in the right measure?
- F. Slide#11 He must have experienced infirmities of the flesh (2b-3).
- G. Slide#12 So, the author of Hebrews moves from *Comparison* to **Contrasts** in the high priestly ministries of both Aaron and Christ.

- 1. See, for 1000's of years the Jews had looked to *the sons of Aaron* to serve as high priest. Here we learn Jesus is the perfect High Priest.
- 2. The Levitical priests were men stained with sin.
 - a) When they burned a sacrifice for *the sins of the people* they 1st had to burn 1 for themselves
 - b) The people *lacked confidence* in their priest. The priest were *no more righteous* than the people.
- The sons of Aaron became priests by selection rather than by election. God choose them to be priest. But God has also selected Jesus to be a priest. Not a Levitical priest but a perfect priest.

IV. Slide#13 CONTRASTS (5-11)

- A. Only Christ is called <u>God's Son</u> (5) You are My Son, Today I have begotten You.
- B. Only Christ was given an everlasting priesthood (6a) You are a priest forever...
 - Slide#14 This reminds us here of one more office that Jesus fulfilled, in what is called in Latin *munis triplex* [not 3 distinct offices, but 3 functions of the 1 office of mediator] The 3 offices were:
 - a) Prophet who speaks to the **people** for God.
 - b) Priest who speaks to **God** for the **people**. A go between. (who also *offers sacrifices, prayers, & praises* to God on behalf of the people)
 - c) King who **ruled over** the people but is himself **ruled by** God [*Oh wait, that's profound.* Can you imagine anyone who "*rules over people*", if they only did so, to the extent to which they were "ruled over by God"] i.e. *Husbands in marriage. Bosses* @ work. *Mayors of cities. Presidents of nations.*
 - (1) Slide#15 Of course Jesus fulfilled all 3 offices. Here **priest** is emphasized.
 - d) Christ fulfills these three offices in the following ways:
 - (1) Slide#16 As Prophet He reveals God to us and speaks God's words to us.
 - (2) As Priest He both offers a sacrifice to God on our behalf and <u>is</u> Himself the sacrifice that is offered.
 - (3) As King He rules over the Church and over the universe as well.
- C. Slide#17 Only Christ was made a priest after the order of Melchizedek (6b,9-10)
 - 1. (10) Jesus *could not* serve as priest on **earth** being from the tribe of **Judah** (i.e. not from Levi); but He can serve as priest in **heaven** (According to the order of Melchizedek).
 - a) And He is priest today, in heaven, for you, believers.
 - More on Melchizedek in ch.7. For now, remember that in Gen.14 he was both King of Salem & Priest of God Most High.
- D. Slide#18 Only Christ cried out to God in Gethsemane (7-8) Read all of vs.7

- 1. Weakness in Gethsemane/oil-press (olive pits crushed for oil).
- 2. Sin (not His) but the world's sin on the cross.
- 3. He was heard? Really...uhh they still killed him!
 - a) Luke tells us that in Gethsemane, when he prayed 3 times for the cup to pass, before the 3rd prayer an angel was sent to *strengthen Him* (thus, the Father answered, not by taking away the cup, but by helping Him to endure the cup).
 - b) Will he respond to your prayers any different?
- E. (7b) Jesus was heard because of his reverent submission Jesus was heard in his deepest woe(Gethsemane). And, my soul, shall also be heard.
- F. (9) He became the author/the source of eternal salvation to all who obey Him -
 - 1. The salvation here is the *inheritance* spoken of in Heb.1:14.
 - 2. It should *not be confused* with gaining of eternal life, which is conditioned not on **obedience** but on **faith**.
 - 3. Once again he had in mind *final deliverance from* and *victory over* all enemies.
 - a) <u>This</u> kind of salvation is explicitly contingent on **obedience** and indeed on an **obedience** modeled after that of Jesus who also suffered.
- G. Slide#19 (8) He learned obedience by the things which He suffered.
 - 1. What was the result of Christ's suffering? (He learned obedience)
 - 2. What does he mean by this? (It doesn't mean He was a disobedient Son; but in His suffering He learned *the full meaning & cost of his obedience*)
 - 3. How does this help "us" to take a positive attitude toward suffering? (we'll learn obedience)

H. Communion:

- 1. Bread Jesus when you came as *The Bread of Life*. Your goal was for us to **partake** of You, so we could **follow** You, so we could **commune** with you.
 - a) Forgive us for...*the ultimate sin* of not **following** alongside You. Not **communing** in close proximity to Your presence.
- 2. Cup As our Prophet Ty for communicating truth from Your Father to us.
 - a) As our **Priest** -Ty for mediating/being our go-between, for speaking to God for us. For offering Yourself as a sacrifice, & for actually becoming that sacrifice.
 - b) As our **King** Ty for Your kingship, ruling over: *our lives, our church, The church, our city, our nation, our world*.